RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!

2016 JUL -7 PM SSTSSIPPI STATE DE BUREAU OF PUBL CCR CERT CALENDAI	PARTMENT OF HEALTH IC WATER SUPPLY FIFICATION R YEAR 2015 Supply Name
02	c100n5
List PWS ID #s for all Community	Water Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each y system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper premail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please	the Community public water system to develop and distribute a sear. Depending on the population served by the public water published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the rocedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or see check all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by	: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (att On water bills (attach copy of bil Email message (MUST Email the Other	e message to the address below)
Date(s) customers were informed: 6 23 2016	/ / , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or omethods used	other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSD) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the em	H a copy) Date Emailed: / / nail message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach cop. Name of Newspaper: Greene County H. Date Published: 6 / 23 / 2016	y of published CCR or proof of publication) Herald, Wayne County News
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of local	
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site	e at the following address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2015 Consumer Confidence Re public water system in the form and manner identified the SDWA. I further certify that the information include the water quality monitoring data provided to the p Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Terry J. Simpson, Sr. Mayor, Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	above and that I used distribution methods allowed by ed in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Leakson MS 30215	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800
Jackson, MS 39215	May be emailed to:

 $\underline{water.reports@msdh.ms.gov}$

2016 MAY 27 PM 4: 39

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of State Line PWS#:0210005 May 2016

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Waynesboro Sand Lentil of Byram Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of State Line have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Harvey Hull at 601.735.6792. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the Town Hall Meeting Room located at 229 Main Street.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2015, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

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				TEST RES	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2014*	.0117	.01120117	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries

13. Chromium	N	2014*	4.1	1 - 2.5	ppb		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	.2	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	1.05	.782 – 1.05	ppm		4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	2	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	, 			I.u. s					
81. HAA5	N	2014*	20	No Range	ppb	0			By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014*	32.5	No Range	ppb	0			By-product of drinking water chlorination.

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

2015

Chlorine

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

mg/i

MDRL = 4

Water additive used to control

microbes

.9 - 1.9

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Town of State Line works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Town of State Line PWS#: 0210005 May 2016

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Inorganic Contamir	iants			I		L		
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13. Chromium	N	2014*	4.1	1-2.5	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	0.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	1.05	0.782-1.05	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits;
Disinfection By-Pro	ducts		L		ı		100	
81. HAA5	N	2014*	20	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Products of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2014*	32.5	No Range	ppb	- 0	80	By-Products of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2015	1.4	0.9-1.9	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbe

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminant violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

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RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY 2016 JUL -7 PM 3: 03

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF GREENE

Personally appeared before me, the authority, in and for the State and County aforesaid, GEORGE R. TURNER, who being duly sworn, on his oath deposes and states that he is the Editor/General Manager of the Greene County Herald, a newspaper published in the Town of Leakesville, County of Greene, State of Mississippi, and having a general circulation in Greene County, Mississippi.

Volume <u>1 18</u>	_No <u>Q</u>	_Dated_ <u>a3rd</u>	_Day of	, 2016
Volume	_No	_Dated	_Day of	, 2016
Volume	_No	_Dated	_Day of,	2016
Volume	No		D .	2016
Volume	No	_Dated	_Day of,	2016
Volume	_No	_Dated	Day of,	2016
And I hereby cer hereto attached, thereof to have b	nave been be	fore me exhibit	of the newspapers containing the need and examined, and I find publicate	otice ation

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this and day of Jun

* NOTARY PUBLIC
ID No. 100590
My Commission Expires
November 9, 2019

Dotag Ruslic

My Commission expires: Notwood 9, 2019

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of State Line PWS#.0210005 May 2016

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G-1-1	1.6.6.6			TEST RE				
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Disinfectio	n By-Pı	oducts						
B1 HAA5	N :	2014*	20 N	o Range p	opb dq	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
32 TTHM Total (rihalomethanes)	N	2014*	32,5 N	o Range p	pb	0	80 (By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N :	2015	1.4 .9	-1.9 n	ng/l	0 MDI		Water additive used to control

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WAYNE COUNTY NEWS PO BOX 509 WAYNESBORO, MS 39367	DATE:	6/23/2016
TOWN OF STATE LINE PO BOX 95 STATE LINE, MS 39362		
	BID NO.	P.O.
ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT - 2015		\$248.70
sworn, says that he is <u>Publisher</u> of the Wayne Counth publishes a weekly newspaper in the Counth State of Mississippi: and the attached notice appearsue(s) of the Wayne County News.	ity of Wayne,	, s
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